## CPa dixon, waller & co., inc.

LAS ANIMAS COUNTY EMERGENCY
TELEPHONE SERVICE AUTHORITY
TRINIDAD, COLORADO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2021 and 2020

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### LAS ANIMAS COUNTY EMERGENCY **TELEPHONE SERVICE AUTHORITY** TRINIDAD, COLORADO **DECEMBER 31, 2021**

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#### **FINANCIAL SECTION**

#### **CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**



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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority Trinidad, CO 81082

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority, as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority's internal control.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

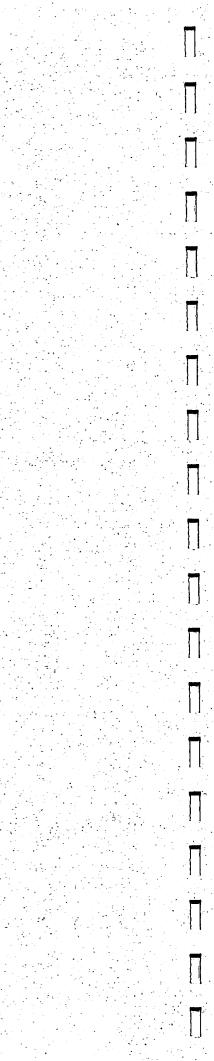
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of revenues and expenses – budget (non-GAAP) and actual is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of revenues and expenses – budget (non-GAAP) and actual is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Delan, Walle - C., Jus.

August 30, 2022



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### LAS ANIMAS COUNTY EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE AUTHORITY referred to as (E-911)

Management Discussion and Analysis Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Our discussion and analysis of the E-911 financial performance provides an overview of E-911's financial activities for the year 2021. It should be read with the accompanying financial statements of E-911.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- E-911's assets at the end of 2021 were \$618,960,
- compared to \$473,394 in 2020.
- E-911 made purchases of \$93,890 in capital assets in 2021.
- E-911 entered into no new lease agreements in 2021.
- Current assets increased by \$135,364 in 2021.
- Current liabilities increased by \$17,142 in 2021.

#### **USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT**

E-911's financial statements consist of three statements. 1 - a statement of net position, 2 - a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and, 3 - a statement of cash flows. These statements provide information about the activities of E-911 including resources held by E-911 but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation. E-911 is accounted for as a business-type activity and presents its financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

One of the most important questions to ask about E-911's finances is, "Is E-911 as a whole, in a better financial position as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reports information about E-911's resources and its activities, and helps answer this question. These statements include all restricted and unrestricted assets and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Services' assets and changes in them. You can think of E-911's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) as one way to measure its financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in E-911's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will also call volume base and measures of the quality of service it

provides to the community, as well as local economic factors to assess the overall health of E-911.

#### **THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

The final required statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operations, investing, non-capital financing and capital and related financing activities. It provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting period.

#### **E-911 NET POSITION**

E-911's net position is the difference between its assets and liabilities reported in the statement of net position. E-911's net position increased in the 2021 year by \$205,171.

#### COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENT ARE PRESENTED BELOW:

#### **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

<u>ASSETS</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expense Capital assets (net)	\$ 119,832 \$ 69,883 \$ 31,741 \$ 251,938	\$ 236,851 \$ 98,111 \$ 21,858 \$ 262,140
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 473,394</u>	<u>\$ 618,960</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current Liabilities Lease Purchase Long Term	\$ 76,330 \$ 76,747	\$ 93,472 \$ 0
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 153,077</u>	<u>\$ 93,472</u>
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$ 101,428 \$ 218,889	\$ 185,393 <u>\$ 340,095</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 320,317</u>	<u>\$ 525,488</u>
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSESAND CHA	ANGES IN NE	ET POSITION
OPERATING REVENUES Net Surcharges	\$ 357,777	<u>\$ 497,816</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 262,902	\$ 311,539
GAIN (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	<u>\$ 94,875</u>	\$ 186,277
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)		
Interest Expense Other Income Interest Income  TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES  EXPENDITURES	\$ (8,257) \$ 0 \$ 90 \$ (8,167)	\$ (5,343) \$ 24,160 \$ 77 \$ 18,894
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<u>\$ 86,708</u>	<u>\$ 205,171</u>

#### **OPERATING REVENUE**

The first component of the overall change in E-911's net position is its operating revenue. In the calendar year 2021, E-911's operating revenue increased by \$ 140,039 in comparison to 2020 operating revenue.

#### **NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES**

Non-operating revenues and expenses consist primarily of interest and other income and interest expense.

#### E-911'S CASH FLOW

Changes in E-911's operating cash flows are consistent with changes in operating income and non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **EQUIPMENT ACTIVITY**

	Balance 1/1/20120	Increase	Decrease	Balance <u>12/31/2021</u>
Equipment Accum. Depreciation	\$ 1,603,755 \$(1,351,817)	•	-0 - -0-	\$ 1,697,645 \$ (1,435,505)
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	<u>\$ 251,938</u>	<u>\$ 10,202</u>	0	<u>\$ 261,140</u>

#### **DEBT**

At the end of 2021, E-911 outstanding debt was \$ 76,747 in the form of a lease for capital equipment. One year remains on the lease at a rate of 3.99% interest. Total interest payments for the remaining year is \$ 3,105.

#### **CONTACTING THE E-911 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our customers, supplies, creditors and citizens with a general overview of E-911's finances and accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Board President at Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority at P.O. Box 46, Trinidad, CO 81082.

#### **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## LAS ANIMAS COUNTY EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2021 and 2020

11			
		2021	2020
	<u>ASSETS</u>		<del></del>
-	Current Assets		
	Cash	236,851	119,832
	Prepaid Expense	21,858	31,741
	Accounts Receivable	98,111	69,883
	Total Current Assets	356,820	221,456
1	NonCurrent Assets		
	Capital Assets		
	Office Equipment	23,165	23,165
; <del> </del>	Telephone Emergency Equipment	1,674,480	1,580,590
	Totals	1,697,645	1,603,755
	<del></del>	240> 140 10	1,000,700
id	Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,435,505)	(1,351,817)
	Net Capital Assets	262,140	251,938
-			
	TOTAL ASSETS	618,960	473,394
-	<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES</u>	-	-
	<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
-	Lease Payable (Current)	76,747	73,763
1	Accrued Interest Payable	776	1,522
-	Accounts Payable	15,949	1,045
-	Lease Payable (Long Term)		76,747
		<del></del>	
	TOTAL LIABILITES	93,472	153,077
-			
	DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	-	-
		<del></del>	
	NET POSITION		
1	Net Investment in Capital Assets	185,393	101,428
	Unrestricted	340,095	218,889
7		<del></del>	
	TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>525,488</u>	<u>320,317</u>

# LAS ANIMAS COUNTY EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	Operating Revenues	2021	2020
-	Surcharges	<u>497,816</u>	<u>357,777</u>
	Operating Expenses		
· ·	Contract Dispatching Services	100,000	100,000
	Services – Clerical	15,000	15,000
<del></del>	Insurance	2,808	2,551
	Office and Administration	1,218	2,048
	Consultant Mapping Services	5,400	11,094
	Professional Services	8,211	6,546
<del>-</del>	Line Charges/Networking	28,979	6,170
	Maintenance	66,235	49,008
	Depreciation	83,688	70,485
<del></del> 1	<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<u>311,539</u>	262,902
	Operating Income Before Non-Operating Revenue	<u>186,277</u>	94,875
	Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)		
<del></del>	Interest Earned	77	90
	Other Income	24,160	-
1	Interest Expense	(5,343)	(8,257)
-	Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	<u> 18,894</u>	<u>(8,167</u> )
. 1	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	205,171	86,708
	NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	<u>320,317</u>	233,609
-	NET POSITION, End of Year	<u>525,488</u>	<u>320,317</u>

## LAS ANIMAS COUNTY EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

, ,			
	·	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
-	Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
	Receipts from Customers and Users	469,588	322,807
	Payments to Vendors	(203,064)	(214,530)
,	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operations	266,524	108,277
<del></del>	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
	Non-Financed Purchase of Equipment	(93,890)	-
	Lease Principal Payment	(73,763)	(70,872)
-	Lease Interest Payment	<u>(6,089</u> )	<u>(8,980</u> )
1	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(173,742)	<u>(79,852</u> )
<u> </u>	Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities		
. 1	Grants	24,160	
-	Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
	Purchase of Investments	-	-
	Sale of Investments	-	-
-	Interest Income	77	90
	Other Income		
	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	<u>77</u>	<u> 90</u>
-	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	117,019	28,515
	Twee Interesses (Beer case) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	117,017	20,515
	Cash and Equivalents-Beginning of Year	<u>119,832</u>	91,317
<del></del>	Cash and Equivalents-End of Year	<u>236,851</u>	<u>119,832</u>
	Reconciliation of Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
	Net Income (Loss) – Operations	210,437	94,875
-	Adjustments to Reconcile:	210,437	74,075
	Depreciation	83,688	70,485
	Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	05,000	70,405
7	Prepaid Expense - (Increase) Decrease	9,883	(19,633)
	Accounts Receivable – (Increase) Decrease	(28,228)	(34,970)
	Accounts Payable – Increase (Decrease)	14,904	(2,480)
-	Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operations	290,684	$\frac{\sqrt{2,1337}}{108,277}$
			<del></del>
_	Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosure		
1	Cash Paid for Income Tax	<del></del>	
	Cash Paid for Interest	<u>6,089</u>	<u>8,980</u>
=	Property Acquired by Debt		



December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING

The accounting policies of the Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority (the Authority) conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

The Authority operates under an appointed Board with nine members.

#### A. Reporting Entity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 (as amended by Statements No. 34, No. 39 and No. 61), "The Financial Reporting Entity" (GASB No. 14) describes the financial reporting entity as it relates to governmental accounting. According to this Statement, the financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and c) other organizations whose exclusion from the reporting entity's financial statements would cause those statements to be misleading or incomplete. Any organizations that can be described by these last two items are included with the primary government in the financial statements as component units.

This Authority is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB No. 14 and does not include any other component unit as part of its "reporting entity". As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the USA, these basis financial statements present the Authority (the primary government) and its component units.

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The proprietary fund types are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The measurement focus in these funds is on the flow of economic resources and emphasizes the determination of net income. All assets and all liabilities associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## B. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Authority are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The major funds presented in the accompanying basic financial statements are as follows:

#### • Major Proprietary Funds – Business – Type Activities

Enterprise Funds — used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Enterprise funds are considered major funds because of community interests in the activities and sources of funding supporting these operations.

#### D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**December 31, 2021** 

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Authority has set procedures to be followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to October 1, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1 is developed. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance or resolution.
- 4. Budgets for the Enterprise Funds are adopted on a budgetary basis not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No such interest expense was incurred during the current fiscal year.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Equipment	3-15

#### G. Revenue Recognition

Operating revenues are recognized when billed.

#### H. Interest

Interest income is recognized as revenue when earned.

December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### I. Cash, Interest Bearing

The Authority's deposits are covered by Federal depository insurance or secured under the Public Deposit Protection Act of the State of Colorado. The Authority's custodial bank pledges collateral for amounts on deposit in excess of the amount guaranteed by the FDIC for governmental entities.

#### J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Authority considers cash in bank and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### K. Long-Term Obligations

In the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year incurred.

#### L. Fund Equity

In the financial statements, funds report reservations of net position for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of net position represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### NOTE 2 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was as follows:

#### **December 31, 2021**

	Beginning			Ending
	<b>Balance</b>	<u>Increases</u>	<b>Decreases</b>	<b>Balance</b>
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
E-911 Equipment	1,580,590	93,890	-	1,674,480
Office Equipment	23,165			23,165
<b>Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated</b>	1,603,755	93,890		1,697,645
Less Accumulated Depreciation	1,351,817	83,688	<del>-</del>	<u>1,435,505</u>
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>251,938</u>	<u>10,202</u>	•	<u> 262,140</u>

**December 31, 2021** 

#### NOTE 2 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

#### **December 31, 2020**

	Beginning			Ending
	<b>Balance</b>	<u>Increases</u>	<b>Decreases</b>	Balance
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
E-911 Equipment	1,580,590	-	-	1,580,590
Office Equipment	<b>23,165</b>			23,165
<b>Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated</b>	<u>1,603,755</u>	_		1,603,755
Less Accumulated Depreciation	1,281,332	<u>70,485</u>		1,351,817
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Capital Assets, Net	<u>322,423</u>	( <u>70,485</u> )		<u>251,938</u>

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories, eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Authority's bank balance and corresponding carrying balance were as follows:

	2021		2020	
	Carrying Balance	Bank Balance	Carrying Balance	Bank <u>Balance</u>
Insured (FDIC): Cash Uninsured, Collateralized under the Public	236,851	236,851	119,832	131,709
Deposit Protection Act of the State of Colorado	·			
Total Cash and Deposits	<u>236,851</u>	<u>236,851</u>	<u>119,832</u>	<u>131,709</u>

As presented above, deposits with a bank balance of \$0 and \$0 and a carrying balance of \$0 and \$0 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 are uninsured, are exposed to custodial risk, and are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The accounts receivable are stated at gross, and represent amounts receivable from Enterprise Fund customers. The amount of accounts receivable considered uncollectible is not significant, therefore an allowance for uncollectible receivables has not been recorded.

#### NOTE 5 BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARISONS

For the year ended 12-31-2021:

			Favorable
	<b>Budget</b>	<b>Actual</b>	(Unfavorable)
Revenues	325,000	522,053	197,053
<b>Expenses</b>	<u>499,195</u>	400,847	98,348
Net Income (Loss) – Budget Basis	( <u>174,195</u> )	121,206	<del></del>
Reconciliation - Lease Proceeds		-	
Reconciliation – Capital Expenditures		93,890	
Reconciliation – Debt Service Principal		73,763	
Reconciliation – Depreciation		(83,688)	
Net Income (Loss) – GAAP Basis		205,171	

Variance-

Variance-

#### For the year ended 12-31-2020:

			Favorable
	<b>Budget</b>	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
Revenues	<u>324,196</u>	<u>357,867</u>	33,671
Expenses	<u>384,243</u>	<u>271,546</u>	<u>112,697</u>
Net Income (Loss) - Budget Basis	<u>(60,047</u> )	86,321	
Reconciliation: Lease Proceeds		-	
Reconciliation – Capital Expenditures		-	
Reconciliation – Debt Service Principal		70,872	
Reconciliation – Depreciation		<u>(70,485</u> )	
Net Income (Loss) – GAAP Basis		86,708	

#### NOTE 6 CONTINGENCIES – TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The entity has made certain interpretations of the amendment's language and believes the amendment does not apply to Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority.

December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The Authority maintains commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **NOTE 8 CONTINGENCIES**

There were no contingent liabilities payable at December 31, 2021.

#### NOTE 9 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

The Authority is a member of (CIRSA). The Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA), a separate and independent governmental and legal entity, was formed by intergovernmental agreement by member municipalities pursuant to the provisions of 29-1-201 et. Seq., C.R.S. as amended, 8-44-101(1)(c)and (3), and 8-44-110, C.R.S. as amended, and Colorado Constitution, Article XIV, Section 18(2).

The purposes of CIRSA are to provide members a self-insurance pool to provide defined coverages, and claims and risk management services related thereto.

It is the intent of the members of CIRSA to create an entity to defend and indemnify, in accordance with the Bylaws, any member of CIRSA against liability or loss, to the limit of the financial resources of CIRSA available to pay such liability or loss. It is also the intent of the members to have CIRSA provide continuing stability and availability of needed coverages at reasonable costs. All income and assets of CIRSA shall be at all times dedicated to the exclusive benefit of its members. The Bylaws shall constitute the substance of the intergovernmental contract among the members.

Summary audited financial information as of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 (the latest information to date) is as follows:

Assets Liabilities Net Position	12-31-2020 94,173,730 35,750,846 58,422,884 94,173,730	12-31-2019 87,354,854 37,380,157 49,974,688 87,354,845
Revenues	33,496,772	29,379,298
Expenditures	24,091,402	29,157,832
Distributions and Credits to Members	<u>(957,174)</u>	(791,271)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	<u>8,448,196</u>	(569,805)

The Las Animas County Emergency Telephone Service Authority share of these amounts is estimated to be less than 2%.

#### NOTE 10 COMPLIANCE WITH BUDGET LAWS

There were no budget violations for the years ended 12-31-21 and 12-31-20.

December 31, 2021

#### NOTE 11 E-911 EQUIPMENT LEASE WITH BANK OF THE WEST

The following is a summary of the transactions in the Authority's long-term debt.

	Balance at <u>1-1-21</u>		<b>Deletions</b>	Balance at 12-31-21	Due Within One Year
<b>Equipment Lease</b>	<u>150,510</u>		<u>73,763</u>	<u>76,747</u>	<u>76,747</u>

The Authority entered into a lease in September of 2017 with Bank of the West for emergency telephone equipment in the amount of \$354,898. The lease requires five equal payments of \$79,851.95. Annual payments are due September 1 of each year, with an interest rate of 3.99%.

Minimum required lease payments are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Interest Rate	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<b>Total</b>
2022	3.99%	<u>76,747</u>	<u>3,105</u>	79,852
Less amount representing interest				3,105
Net Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments			<u>76,747</u>	
Total L	ease Payable – Dece	mber 31, 2021		<u>76,747</u>
Total Lease Payable - December 31, 2020				<u>150,510</u>

### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# LAS ANIMAS COUNTY EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SERVICE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

-		Original	Final		Variance-With Final Budget Favorable
		Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
	Operating Revenues:	Dudget	Dauget	Actual	(Omavorable)
	Surcharges	325,000	<u>325,000</u>	<u>497,816</u>	<u>172,816</u>
احا	Operating Expenses				
•	PSAP Contract Services	100,000	100,000	100,000	_
[TEM]	Insurance	3,200	3,200	2,808	392
	Office and Administration	3,942	3,942	1,218	2,724
	Professional Services	8,190	8,190	8,211	(21)
لجنا	Line Charges/Networking	6,000	6,000	28,979	(22,979)
1	Service – Clerical	15,000	15,000	15,000	-
	Consultant Mapping Services	10,000	10,000	5,400	4,600
العنا	Maintenance	68,000	68,000	66,235	1,765
	Emergency Reporting	51,000	51,000	-	51,000
	Interest Expense	5,378	8,287	5,343	2,944
<del></del> -	Capital Expenditures	96,000	83,000	93,890	(10,890)
	Debt Service	74,485	71,576	73,763	(2,187)
	Contingency	<u>71,000</u>	<u>71,000</u>		<u>71,000</u>
	<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<u>512,195</u>	<u>499,195</u>	<u>400,847</u>	<u>98,348</u>
(ans)	Operating Income	( <u>187,195</u> )	(174,195)	96,969	
	Non-Operating Revenue				
	Interest	-	-	77	(77)
	Loan Proceeds	-	-	-	-
,	Other Income	-	<u>-</u>	24,160	24,160
	<b>Total Non-Operating Revenue</b>			24,237	24,237
i -	Net Income (Loss)	(187,195)	(174,195)	121,206	
Paris)	Reconciliation: Lease Proceeds	-	-	-	
	Reconciliation: Capital Expenditures	-	-	93,890	
1	Reconciliation: Debt Service-Principal	-	-	73,763	
<del>-</del>	Reconciliation: Depreciation			<u>(83,688</u> )	
	<b>Change in Net Position</b>	(187,195)	(174,195)	205,171	
, Table	Net Position, Beginning of Year	<u>187,937</u>	<u>418,195</u>	<u>320,317</u>	
<del></del>	Net Position, End of Year	<u>742</u>	<u>244,000</u>	<u>525,488</u>	